

Our Key Stage 3 Music curriculum is reverse-engineered with GCSE and A Level Areas of Study in mind. Each scheme of work is designed to foster musical creativity at every opportunity, support personal and social development and encourage students to progress as performers, composers, listeners and analysts to ultimately inspire them to study music in their further education.

Term	T	k in	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
1	y anc	work	Musical Elements and Instruments of the	Blues	Musical Futures/Covers
	ibilit	es of	<u>Orchestra</u>	Students learn how to improvise, play	Builds on singing from year 7 and 8, but
	ssəx	schemes	The musical elements are threaded into	chords, and use non-traditional scales	encourages students' creativity in
	is ac		every aspect of music. Pitch, Rhythm,	through the context of Blues music, whilst	arranging a song to their favoured genre.
	unit	feeds into	Tempo, Timbre, Texture, Structure,	understanding the history and context of	Songs are chosen that include more
	The primary focus of this unit is accessibility and	feec	Dynamics, Duration, Harmony and Melody	the genre and culture. The compositions	complex chord sequences, riff
	o sn	skills,	are the 10 elements which are explored in	and performances are within the Blues	possibilities. Students work in small
	/ foci	es aural s	all schemes of work through listening,	structure, using the Blues scale and 12 Bar	groups to create their own version.
	man		performing and composing. Instruments of	Blues chords. This involves using both	The songs are of different
	e pri	harnesses a	the orchestra allows students to experience	hands when performing, independent	styles/subgenres which have been
			live demonstrations of instruments they	parts. Students also have the opportunity	explored through listening and analysis
	<b>B</b> Sing	Singing	would be expected to identify aurally	to build on the rhythmic understanding	activities.
	ingin can	y. Sir	throughout KS3.	from Recycled Rhythms by adding stylistic	The keyboard and singing techniques
	Unit A: Singing Everyone can sing!	inclusivity.		accompaniment styles.	from yr 7 are developed as well as the
	Unit Ever	inclu			ensemble work from yr 8 musicals



2



### **Keyboard and Theory Skills**

Musicals

Songwriting



enables students to compose and perform

a wide range of music. This also links to the

mathematical nature of the music with

Stave notation, reading it and writing it,

note values and rhythms.

Keyboard skills are essential, and every unit relies on students being familiar with the notes on the keyboard.

Students are expected to note read as part of many of the schemes of work.

Solo performing and composition is a skill that students are expected to show at GCSE and A Level standard, so starting in year 7 allows students time to progress and develop resilience, confidence and independence.

Building on the singing from yr 7, students explore a range of stage and screen musicals through performing and listening.

This project combines singing, keyboard and ensemble skills, as well as developing the communication skills vital both in and out of the classroom.

Melody, structure and harmony, alongside performing stylistically are a focus.

In GCSE and A Level music from stage and screen are studied in depth.

Automatic progression from previous scheme.

Students now compose a song using their knowledge of sub-genres from the musical futures unit. *Structure, melody, harmony* and *rhythm* are fundamental in this project. The notation skills initially learned in y r 7 are employed.



**Recycled Rhythms** 

This project involves understanding ostinato, performing as an ensemble, exploring timbre and using non-staff notation. Students learn about Western

**Fusions** 

Learning about the Western Classical

Music tradition alongside learning about
music from other cultures and how they
can combine to make new music when

Film Music

Combines many skills from all 8 previous topics.

Using music technology to create a soundtrack to accompany a film. This

3







		African drumming traditions. Performing	fused together. Students explore the	expands on previous skills as they
		and composing skills which will feed into all	WCM timeline, and great composers	synchronise the performance of their
		other schemes of work in KS3.	including Beethoven, Bach and Pachelbel.	composition with the film clip. Choosing
			Students are exposed to EDM and folk	appropriate compositional devices is
			fusion.	paramount and knowledge of these is
			Keyboard to the next level, incorporating	gained from studying existing films and
			music technology and enabling students'	film scores from prolific film composers
			creativity within parameters.	such as John Williams and Danny Elfman.
	I	These topics underpin the baseline	These topics build on skills learned in year	Students in year 9 have the most
		fundamentals of music. They give students	7, but increase in complexity and students	freedom within these topics, and explore
	>	an opportunity to work both individually	have more opportunities to be creative	what being a musician in the 21st century
	AR	and as part of a team, gaining essential	within given parameters. Chords are an	might be like: performing, songwriting
	SUMMARY	skills and knowledge which link with every	expectation within performances,	and film composing are all exciting career
	Σ	scheme of work throughout their musical	notation is expected in composition, and	prospects which year 9 students may be
	SU	journey. Good musicians have strong	the application of a growing technical	considering.
		knowledge in all of these areas.	vocabulary is important when analysing	
			music.	
_				

Whilst always striving for academic excellence, the department has many extra-curricular opportunities available to students. These range from Key Stage 3 Band to Theory Club, Junior Choir to the school production, orchestras to Big Band.

The transferable skills available through music education such as communication, confidence, leadership, teamwork, are all underpinned by the Love As Brethren shown as students share their musicality, both strong and developing, and try new things.



The four assessment objectives of performing (1), composing (2) and demonstrate and apply musical knowledge (3) and appraising (4) underpin the Pearson Edexcel specification. The structure of the course is Performing (30%), Composing (30%) and Listening/Appraising (40%).

Term	Year 10			Year 11		
	Unit 1: Performing GP1, GP2	Unit 2: Composing	Unit 3: Listening and Appraising 7.1, A, An, L	Unit 1: Performing GP1, GP2	Unit 2: Composing	Unit 3: Listening and Appraising 7.1, A, An, L
1	Solo performances  Each performance receives feedback and is marked according to the exam criteria building towards the final recordings in year 11	Composition skills: Harmony Cadences Melodic shapes  Composing step by step enables students to apply their individual theory knowledge and ensure that compositions are fundamentally strong before embarking on an assessed piece of coursrwork.	Star Wars (9.3) D, U, CE Killer Queen (9.2) D, U, CE Starting with familiar pieces enables students to start the course confidently. Star Wars follows on from the final unit of yr9 and so the vocabulary is in their recent memory	Solo/ensemble performances	Free composition submitted. Brief composition set GC2	Brandenburg D, U, CE Beethoven D, U, CE These are more dense complex set works of the broader western classical tradition and therefore are taught in year 11. Mock Exam with QLA feedback



2	Solo performances	Composition skills:	Samba em Preludio	Solo and ensemble	Brief composition	Mock feedback QLA
		Word-setting	D, U, CE	recital evenings –	submitted.	
		Structure – Theme	Defying Gravity	coursework	Free composition	Past paper/Revision
		and variations/	D, U, CE	recordings.	feedback.	
		ternary/song	SEP will use some of the		Brief composition	Remock Exam with
		Free composition	fusions and blues		feedback.	QLA feedback
		set – GC1	knowledge. Defying		Final composition.	
			Gravity linking with the			
			musicals topic.			
3	Solo performances	Free composition	Afro Celt			Past paper/Revision
	Ensemble		D, U, CE			
	performances		Music for a While			
	explained.		D, U, CE			
			AfroCelt links to the			
			EDM element of the			
			fusions. Music For a			
			fusions. Music For a  While linking with the			

GCSE Solo Performance (GP1), GCSE Ensemble Performance (GP2), GCSE Free Composition (GC1), GCSE Brief Composition (GC2), GCSE Set Works: Bach (GS1), Beethoven (GS2), Purcell (GS3), Queen (GS4), Schwartz (GS5), Williams (GS6), Afro Celt (GS7), Spalding (GS8), GCSE Exam: Dictation (D), Unfamiliar (U), Comparison Essay (CE)



The four assessment objectives of performing (1), composing (2) and demonstrate and apply musical knowledge (3) and appraising (4) underpin the Pearson Edexcel specification. The structure of the course is Performing (30%), Composing (30%) and Listening/Appraising (40%).

	Term	Teacher A (4 each fortnight)	Teacher B (4 each fortnight)	Teacher C (2 each fortnight)	
	1	MUSIC FOR FILM: ELFMAN – Cues from  Batman Returns  Familiarity to give students confidence. Film Music is accessible and as part of the original AS section is aimed at year 12 students.  FUSIONS: DEBUSSY – Estampes  Many of our students are pianists and Debussy is frequently within the advanced piano syllabus. There will be some familiarity with piano technique, if not with Debussy himself.	Western Classical Contextual study Contextual understanding is important, even though the whole course is not WC content, the fundamentals of much music are underpinned by this knowledge. Eras studied include Baroque, Classical, Romantic, 20th Century, Nationalistic	Compositional techniques Bach Chorales (Bach's rules for harmony) Whilst not all students are experienced in vocal harmony, the course includes 10% based on the rules of Bach, harmonising SATB chorale in his style. Students study this step by step and are encouraged to put into practice through attendance at Senior choir, our SATB choir.	
		Composition tasks – Harmony, cadences, melody, structure (Ternary – Debussy)	One assessed performance each term		
Year 12	2	POPULAR MUSIC AND JAZZ: <b>BEATLES</b> – <b>Tracks from Revolver</b> An accessible set work, the chordal basis of these songs, alongside the vocal and 20 <sup>th</sup> Century instrumentation, but with the fusions that are included in Tomorrow Never Knows lead on well from the previous set work where there are global influences.	INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC: C SCHUMANN – Piano Trio in G minor Op17 Following on from the contextual study of WCM INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC: BERLIOZ – Symphonie Fantastique A larger scale instrumental piece of the Romantic era.	Compositional techniques	
		Composition tasks – Theme and variations (Ritornello – Bach EFB; Variations – Bach EFB)  A more traditional composition style suitable to our students, showing development of melody, accompaniment styles and instrumental techniques.	One assessed performance each term, receiving detailed feedback each time regarding technique, repertoire and accuracy.		
	3	MUSIC FOR FILM: HERRMANN – Cues from Psycho Returning to film music to conclude the year, this is often a genre students choose to compose in and works alongside the composition tasks that follow.	NEW DIRECTIONS: <b>STRAVINSKY</b> – <i>The Rite</i> of Spring Building on the experimentation that Berlioz included.	Compositional techniques	
			NEW DIRECTIONS: <b>SAARIAHO</b> – <i>Petals</i>		



		Composition tasks – Film Music (Leitmotif – Elfman, Psycho)	Subverting the western classical harmony with spectralism and music technological manipulation.  One assessed performance each term	
	Term	Teacher A (4 each fortnight)	Teacher B (4 each fortnight)	Teacher C (2 each fortnight)
		VOCAL MUSIC: BACH – Ein Feste Burg ist unser Gott (BWV 80) The Western Classical 4 part harmony foundation of this piece links with their compositional technique and is supported by their participation in Senior Choir who sing in 4 part harmony.	POPULAR MUSIC AND JAZZ: PINE - Tracks from Back In the Day Jazz fusion combines the fusion and blues harmony from year 8, with the latin jazz fusion of SEP at GCSE and the complex textures of ACSS.	Compositional techniques Harmonising a complete chorale
	1	VOCAL MUSIC: VAUGHAN WILLIAMS – On Wenlock Edge Following on from the Bach, this set of vocal folk pieces incorporates modes, string techniques and	POPULAR MUSIC AND JAZZ: BUSH - Tracks from Hounds of Love Vocal music studied throughout the previous key stages, this also includes the experimental nature similar to the Beatles and Saariaho.	
		Composition Coursework – Brief set by exam board (1st September) or free composition First draft submitted by Christmas	One assessed performance each term	
Year 13		Revision and exam consolidation	FUSIONS: SHANKAR - Tracks from  Breathing Under Water  World music fusion combining Indian classical music with other traditions.	Compositional techniques Harmonising a complete chorale
	2	Composition coursework – Brief/free	Recital Evening Performance coursework recordings after 1st March, sent to the exam board at the start of May.	
	3	Composition coursework – Final version sent to exam board at the start of May.  Revision and exam consolidation	Revision and exam consolidation	Compositional Techniques – Controlled assessment from 1 <sup>st</sup> April Sent to the exam board first week of May